



Public Finance

New Kerala government confronts fiscal crisis and rising welfare burden

The new Kerala government, led by V. D. Satheesan begins its tenure facing formidable political and economic challenges. Foremost among them is the State's worsening financial condition, with public debt reportedly touching nearly ₹3.57 lakh crore. It is reported that Kerala is also burdened by mounting contractor dues and delayed salary payments, leaving the government with limited fiscal space to launch new development projects or expand welfare programmes. (*BusinessLine*)

Nine states seen fit for discom privatisation; fiscal deficit may ease to 3%

India's power distribution sector has sharply narrowed AT&C losses to nearly 15% in FY25 from over 25% in FY15 and reduced the ACS-ARR gap to just 6 paise per unit from 89 paise per unit in FY21, but the financial recovery remains uneven and heavily dependent on subsidies, restructuring support and private sector-led gains, according to an SBICAPS report. The report said states such as Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Haryana, Bihar, Assam, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, West Bengal and Uttarakhand have emerged as key candidates for large-scale discom privatisation and restructuring as state-run utilities continue to face operational inefficiencies, mounting subsidy pressures and legacy debt burdens. (*Financial Express*)

States' capex growth slows to 5% in FY26

Capital expenditure by state governments likely grew a modest 5% year-on-year in 2025-26, as fiscally cautious states put the brakes on borrowings despite a moderation in tax revenue growth. Aggregate capital outlay by 18 major states rose 4.7% year-on-year to Rs 6.19 lakh crore in FY26. These states-AP, Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Haryana, HP, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, UP, Uttarakhand, West Bengal and Telangana had recorded nearly 10% growth in capex to Rs 5.9 lakh crore in FY25. (*Financial Express*)

States to get Rs 90,000 cr interest-free loans as Centre accelerates capex push

The Centre will release around Rs 90,000 crore as interest-free capex loans to the state governments during the first quarter of the current financial year, to help sustain economic activity amid headwinds arising from the West Asia conflict, according to official sources. This amounts to a front-loading of the special facility to drive productive investments by states, as in the first quarter itself 45% of the budgeted outlay of Rs 2 lakh crore will be disbursed. (*Financial Express*)

Govt defends ₹8,415 crore Yes Bank AT1 bond write down before Supreme Court

The Centre on Wednesday defended the ₹8,415 crore writedown of Yes Bank's AT1 bonds in the SC, arguing that the decision was necessary to protect depositors and ensure the lender's survival during the 2020 reconstruction exercise. Appearing for the Centre, Solicitor General Tushar Mehta placed before the top court the Cabinet Resolution linked to the March 2020 decision that paved the way for the writedown of the AT1 bonds. *(Business Standard)*



Taxation

Businesses can digitally record 'goods delivered' on e-way bill portal: GSTN

GST registered businesses can now digitally record delivery of goods for which an e-way bill was generated on the portal, GST Network said. Until now, the e-way bill framework primarily tracked initiation and transit of goods movement, but lacked a formal mechanism to digitally record completion of delivery. This closure feature would create a clearer end-to-end transaction trail and strengthen logistical accountability. Under GST, a person carrying goods valued over Rs 50,000 has to carry an e-way bill. The document is required to be generated from the GST Portal by a GST-registered person or transporter before transporting the goods. *(The Economic Times)*

FinMin, states in talks for simpler GST norms for qcom dark stores

The finance ministry is in discussions with state governments to ease the requirement for update of GST registrations to include each dark store and warehouse operated by ecom and qcom companies, amid rapid expansion of such facilities across smaller cities. Industry players have told the government that mushrooming qcom operations across cities has led to the setting up of thousands of dark stores and warehouses, making the process of updating GST registrations for every location time-consuming and cumbersome, according to officials familiar with the matter. *(Business Standard)*



National Accounts and State of the Economy

RBI not in favour of rate hikes to defend rupee, prioritises inflation

India's central bank does not see interest rate hikes as the best way to defend the embattled rupee, three sources said, a position at odds with markets, reinforcing that inflation - not the currency - will guide policy on borrowing costs. The Reserve Bank of India has other levers it has yet to deploy, according to the sources familiar with the RBI's thinking, which Reuters reported earlier included options such as dollar deposit schemes for non-resident Indians and tax tweaks for debt investors. *(Business Standard)*

Crude prices could influence growth, inflation: EAC-PM chief S Mahendra Dev

The West Asia war is expected to weigh on India's economy, supply chains and oil market even if the conflict ends soon, S Mahendra Dev, chairman of the EAC-PM, said on Thursday. Speaking at the Golden Jubilee conference series of the NIPFP, Dev said the impact of the conflict would not disappear immediately because oil production and supply chains would take time to stabilise. (*Business Standard*)

India's private sector growth fades in May as manufacturing growth slows

Growth across India's private sector economy faded slightly halfway through the first fiscal quarter, with the latest HSBC Flash PMI figures showing weaker increases in total new orders, international sales, employment and business activity. After retreating in April, input price inflation ticked higher, but firms limited the pass-through of additional cost burdens to clients by lifting output charges to a lesser extent. (*Business Standard*)



Banking and Monetary Policy

RBI considers rate hike as rupee slumps: reports

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) is considering all its available options to stabilise the rupee, including an interest rate hike, Bloomberg News reported on Thursday (May 21, 2026), citing people familiar with the matter. Top officials at the RBI, including Governor Sanjay Malhotra, have held a series of internal meetings to discuss the course of action after the plunge in the rupee, the report said. This comes after the rupee made a new low of 96.95 on Wednesday (May 20, 2026), and later closed at 96.86, which was also a new closing low as demand for dollars continued with the dollar index higher and crude oil prices remaining on the higher side. (*The Hindu*)

Banks casual in granting big loans, strict with small borrowers: SC

The Supreme Court has said banks like State Bank of India are "casual" while sanctioning massive loans to big corporate entities, but impose "stringent conditions and tedious process" amounting to "borderline harassment" on ordinary citizens seeking small loans for personal reasons. Expressing its displeasure over the "troubling trend", a Supreme Court bench said the government needs to frame a policy with respect to concessions or incentives in giving loans to ordinary people, so as to give the maximum benefit to those at the lowest rung of the social or financial strata. (*The Economic Times*)

Govt's credit guarantee to reduce MSME bad loan risks for banks

The government's Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS) 5.0 for micro, small and medium enterprises (MSME) is expected to help banks prevent a spike in bad loans, according to experts, as it comes at a time when many businesses may be under financial stress. ECLGS 5.0 makes it easier for MSMEs to access guaranteed credit. (*The Economic Times*)

RBI decides against imposing additional capital buffer on banks

RBI on Monday said it has decided against activating the CCyB, saying prevailing conditions do not warrant the move at this stage. Under the framework on CCyB laid out in the RBI (Commercial Banks – Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Directions, 2025, the buffer is to be activated when systemic risks arising from excess credit growth begin to build up. The central bank said such decisions would normally be pre-announced. *(Business Standard)*

In FY26, private banks' return on equity moderates amid NIM pressure, treasury losses

The return on equity of several private sector banks moderated in 2025-26 as pressure on net interest margins and a fall in treasury income weighed on profitability, according to an analysis of investor presentations by banks. RoE, a key profitability metric that measures earnings generated on shareholders' equity, came under pressure as banks saw compression in margins due to faster repricing of loans than deposits in a declining interest rate environment. *(The Economic Times)*

RBI proposes same norms of disclosure for all banks

RBI on Tuesday proposed standardising capital adequacy disclosures across lenders, bringing unlisted and foreign banks in line with listed peers. Under the draft norms, banks will be required to use uniform reporting formats and units to improve comparability of Basel-related disclosures. Clearly defined templates covering key metrics, capital composition and risk-weighted assets will help analysts and depositors assess financial strength more easily and compare their performance. *(The Economic Times)*

RBI proposes banks to disclose detailed information on capital, risks under Basel Pillar 3

The Reserve Bank on Tuesday proposed a revised disclosure framework for banks under Basel III norms, requiring lenders to disclose and publish more granular information on capital adequacy, leverage, liquidity and risk exposure to improve transparency and market discipline. The central bank said banks will have to make quarterly disclosures in a uniform format covering key prudential metrics, such as Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) capital, total capital, risk-weighted assets (RWAs), leverage ratio, liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) and net stable funding ratio (NSFR). *(The Economic Times)*

PSBs tap liquidity buffer to meet strong loan demand

LCR at state-run banks moved closer to the minimum regulatory thresholds in the March quarter as the scramble for retail deposits intensified amid unabated demand for loans. The LCR for major PSU banks fell 10-12% points in the fourth quarter to about 114% to 118%, closer to the regulatory threshold of 100%. Falling LCR is one of the first signs of liquidity pressures at banks. To help hurdle the barrier of deposit growth that pronouncedly lagged the demand for loans, these lenders deployed surplus liquidity, skewing the LCR from year-ago levels that had provided ample buffers. *(The Economic Times)*



India's exports rise nearly 14% in April despite West Asia trade disruptions

Despite continued trade disruptions in West Asia, India's merchandise exports started the new fiscal year on a strong note, rising 13.79% year-on-year to \$43.56 billion in April. This was propelled by a strong performance in engineering goods, electronics and pharmaceuticals. According to the Commerce Department's quick estimates, imports grew 10% to \$71.94 billion, driven by an 81.69% surge in gold arrivals to \$5.62 billion. The merchandise trade deficit widened to \$28.38 billion, up from the \$20.67 billion in March and the \$27.1 billion in April 2025. *(BusinessLine)*

Leather exports dip 1.6% in FY26 amid US tariffs, West Asia crisis

Leather, leather products and footwear exports declined 1.6 per cent in dollar terms to \$4.75 billion in FY26 from \$4.82 billion in the previous year, reflecting softer global demand and the twin impact of higher US tariffs and the prolonged West Asia crisis disrupting global trade flows. This comes after the sector has recorded around 3 per cent export growth in FY25. *(BusinessLine)*

Auto exports rise 38%, driven by gains in emerging markets

Even as global trade remains clouded by tariff tensions, slowing consumption and geopolitical uncertainty, India's automobile exporters appear to have found a rare pocket of resilience. April's sharp 38 per cent jump in vehicle exports suggests Indian automakers are increasingly turning overseas markets into a key growth lever at a time when domestic demand across segments remains patchy. What makes the trend particularly significant is the breadth of the recovery. *(BusinessLine)*

Gems, jewellery exports fall 9% in April on weak demand

Gems and jewellery exports declined by 9 per cent in April to \$2.45 billion (₹20,952 crore) due to the ripple effect of ongoing geopolitical tensions in West Asia, which led to the trade taking a cautious approach in the near term. Imports declined by 10 per cent to \$2.03 billion last month. Export of cut and polished diamonds was down 20 per cent at \$891 million against \$1.11 billion due to sluggish demand as retailers pruned inventory in major export markets. *(BusinessLine)*

India imported 4.3% less crude oil in April this year, yet the bill still up 50% as prices soar

The volume of India's crude oil imports fell by 4.3% in April, the second month after the start of the West Asia conflict, while the value of imports soared by about 50% over the comparable period last year, government data showed. The figures are an indication of the price pressure on crude oil and natural gas due to the closure of the Strait of Hormuz. Notably, as per the latest data from the Petroleum Planning and Analysis Cell, the volume of imports of liquefied natural gas (LNG) declined by nearly 30% in April, though domestic net production of natural gas fell by 4.2% during the month. This was, however, due to lower consumption. *(The Hindu)*

India-U.K. trade deal hits late-stage 'sticking points' just before implementation date

The implementation of the India-U.K. trade deal has hit a late-stage hiccup due to a new regulation on steel imports the U.K. has said it will implement from July 1, which was not part of the trade negotiations. The India-U.K. Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA) was expected to come into force in May 2026, but now the two sides are trying to work out a “creative solution” to ensure the deal is implemented “at an early date”, Commerce Secretary Rajesh Agrawal told reporters on Friday. The U.K., as part of its overall Steel Strategy, earlier this month announced that from July 1, it will significantly cut the volume of steel to be imported into the country tariff-free. (*The Hindu*)

LPG: Ship scarcity hits U.S. imports

With the Persian Gulf, from where 60% of India's LPG consumption came shut, the U.S. has emerged as a major LPG supplier. In March, 4.5 lakh LPG shipments left the U.S. for India, up from 3.2 lakh and 2.7 lakh tonnes in previous months, as per data from Kpler; subsequent months saw shipments drop to 3.72 lakh tonnes and 1.67 lakh tonnes due to less carrier availability. (*The Hindu*)

India, six others flags UK steel curbs at WTO

India, along with six other countries, has reached out to the World Trade Organization (WTO), raising concern over the UK's latest steel safeguard measures that seek to limit tariff-free steel imports. At the WTO's Council for Trade In Goods meeting Wednesday, New Delhi asked the UK to find solutions that are least trade-restrictive in nature. (*The Economic Times*)

India, Italy signed critical MoUs in various sectors,' says MEA Secy (West)

Secretary (West) in the Ministry of External Affairs, Sibi George, on Wednesday said that several MoUs were signed during the visit of Prime Minister Narendra Modi to Italy, as the visit was at a critical juncture between both nations' relationships. George, while addressing the press in the Special Briefing on the visit of the Prime Minister to Italy, said that PM Modi and Italian Prime Minister Giorgia Meloni interacted with select Indian and Italian industry leaders representing a myriad of sectors. (*The Economic Times*)

India reviews curbs on non-essential imports to support rupee, boost local manufacturing

If necessary, the government can impose higher duties or selective restrictions to curb such imports. India's merchandise trade deficit widened to \$28.4 billion in April, from \$20.7 billion in March, adding to balance of payments concerns amid portfolio outflows and tepid foreign direct investment. (*The Economic Times*)

India soymeal exports to fall to four-year low on rising prices

India's soymeal exports are projected to drop by half to a four-year low in the current year, driven by a 47% price surge over the past month. This makes Indian animal feed uncompetitive against South American supplies, prompting Asian buyers to switch. Tight domestic supplies and strong demand are keeping prices elevated. (*The Economic Times*)

US seeks to boost energy exports to India as Iran war disrupts supplies

The Trump administration wants to boost energy exports to India, the US ambassador in New Delhi said on Wednesday, ahead of a multi-day visit by Secretary of State Marco Rubio to the world's most populous country. India is struggling with an energy crisis caused by the nearly three-month-long war against Iran that the US and Israel launched in late February. In response, Iran effectively shut the Strait of Hormuz, a vital waterway for global energy flows — crimping supplies and sending Brent crude up more than 50 per cent since the war started. *(Business Standard)*

India has set target of achieving exports worth 1 trillion dollars this year, says Commerce Minister

Union Minister of Commerce and Industry Piyush Goyal today said that India has set a target of achieving exports worth 1 trillion dollars this year and 2 trillion dollars over the next five years, asserting that this would be the true hallmark of an Atmanirbhar Bharat. Addressing the website launch ceremony of Bharatiya Vyapar Mahotsav in New Delhi, he said exports this year have reached 863 billion dollars, nearly 5 per cent higher than the previous year, despite global challenges. He said both goods and services exports have increased, calling it a significant achievement in the present global environment. *(Business Standard)*



Agriculture and Rural Economy

Andhra Pradesh intensifies fertiliser crackdown; 80 dealer licences suspended, one cancelled

The Andhra Pradesh government has intensified its crackdown on fertiliser irregularities across the State, warning of stringent action against dealers and middlemen involved in diversion, black marketing, illegal stocking and transportation of fertilisers meant for farmers. Agriculture Minister Kinjarapu Atchannaaidu on Wednesday (May 20, 2026) said the government was taking a serious view of attempts to divert fertilisers for non-agricultural purposes or create artificial shortages affecting farmers. *(The Hindu)*

Improving efficiency of fertilizer use in India

The ongoing war in West Asia and the rising costs of fuel and fertilizers give India an opportunity to enhance fertilizer use efficiency and moderate demand. India produces 80% of its urea requirement domestically and imports the rest while also boosting domestic production capacities to become fully self-reliant. But India's urea industry relies too heavily on imported fuel. While green ammonia produced from the electrolysis of water using solar energy is an option, it is not sustainable in water-stressed areas. The situation is worse for phosphatic fertilizers, as India lacks mineral rock phosphate and therefore has to import such fertilizers almost entirely. *(The Hindu)*

Agriculture Minister announces reforms measures aimed at simplifying processes for farmers, traders and agri-sector stakeholders

The Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare on Monday reviewed a series of major reform measures aimed at simplifying processes for farmers, traders and agri-sector stakeholders. The licensing process for the sale and storage of household pesticides has been significantly simplified. The application form for obtaining a licence has been reduced from three pages to a single page. *(Business Standard)*

India needs to raise food grains production to 450 million tonnes by 2047: Chaudhari

Shimla, India needs to increase food grains production to 450 million Tonnes by 2047, and make information and communication technology-driven agricultural efficiency a national imperative, Fertiliser Association of India (FAI) Director General SK Chaudhari said on Wednesday. Speaking at the inauguration of FAI's four-day national training programme on information and communication technology (ICT) for smart fertiliser management in Kufri, Shimla, Chaudhari stressed that making the intelligent use of technology in agriculture and the fertiliser sector was no longer an option but a national priority. *(The Economic Times)*

Hormuz closure could trigger 'agrifood shock', price crisis within a year, FAO warns

The closure of the Strait of Hormuz is the beginning of a "systemic agrifood shock" that could trigger a severe global food price crisis within six to 12 months, the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization said on Wednesday. The disruption is not a temporary shipping problem, the agency said, warning "the window for preventive action is closing quickly". Governments, international financial organisations and the private sector need to take decisions on alternative trade routes, restraint on export restrictions, protection of humanitarian flows and buffers to absorb higher transport costs, it added. *(The Economic Times)*



Industry, Manufacturing, Services and Technology

Core sector growth hits two-month high at 1.7% in April driven by steel, cement and power

India's eight core infrastructure sectors grew 1.7% in April, with higher output in cement, steel and electricity partially offsetting declines in coal, crude oil, natural gas, refinery products and fertilizers, according to official data released by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. Among the sectors, coal production declined 8.7% in April compared to the same month last year. Crude oil production fell 3.9 per cent, while natural gas output declined 4.3% year-on-year. Petroleum refinery products output slipped 0.5 per cent, while fertilizer production contracted 8.6 percent during the month. *(BusinessLine)*

FMCG industry could see volume growth softening if higher crude oil prices, weather stress persist

The fast-moving consumer goods industry (FMCG) could see softening in volume growth trends in CY2026 amid elevated crude oil prices due to the West Asia crisis and early projections of below-normal monsoon. In its latest report, Worldpanel by Numerator (formerly known as Kantar), analysed various scenarios and noted that if elevated crude prices persist, FMCG volume growth is likely to remain range-bound at 4-4.5 percent this year. *(BusinessLine)*

GreenLine emphasises on LNG push in freight sector as fuel security concerns rise

The conflict in West Asia has again highlighted India's dependence on diesel imports and the need to scale up various energy options to balance risks. Against this backdrop, LNG is emerging as a near-term bridge fuel for long-haul trucking and a transitional option for heavy-duty transport. The logistics sector, which contributes nearly 12% to the GDP, remains heavily reliant on around 4 million diesel trucks that account for nearly 70% of freight movement, making it a major source of fuel import dependence. With freight demand expected to double over the next five to seven years, alternative fuels are gaining relevance. Diesel accounts for over 40% of India's refined products demand. *(BusinessLine)*

High-level meeting chaired by Kumaraswamy accelerates India's e-bus and e-truck adoption

Minister for Heavy Industries and Steel H. D. Kumaraswamy on Wednesday chaired a high-level stakeholder consultation to encourage the wider adoption and deployment of E-Buses and E-Trucks across the country. The meeting brought together key stakeholders from across India, including fleet operators, aggregators, transport leaders, financial institutions, leasing companies, and industry representatives engaged in the rapidly evolving electric mobility ecosystem. The consultation was convened to understand operational realities, accelerate the adoption of E-Buses and E-Trucks, and strengthen collaboration between the government and private stakeholders, MHI said. *(BusinessLine)*

Companies brace for take-home pay concerns on Labour Code-led salary restructuring

As companies begin to align employee pay structures with the new Labour Codes, the impact on take-home pay is emerging as the biggest discussion point within India Inc, more so in the appraisal season. Companies are realising that clear communication will be the key determinant of how employees perceive the transition. The primary change in the new code is the definition of 'wage', an equivalent of the erstwhile 'basic' pay. While most companies kept the proportion of basic components lower, it now needs to be 50 per cent of total pay. This means PF and other statutory deductions, calculated on this base, will now be higher, leading to marginally lower take home pay, depending on the tax slab and other considerations. *(BusinessLine)*



Kerala's UDF govt scraps K-Rail project launched by LDF

The Kerala Cabinet on Wednesday (May 20, 2026) decided to scrap the K-Rail (SilverLine) semi-high-speed railway project from Thiruvananthapuram to Kasaragod. Addressing a press conference after the Cabinet meeting, Chief Minister V.D. Satheesan said all the land acquired for the project would be de-notified and the yellow-hued concrete markers that demarcated the prospective line would be removed. (*The Hindu*)

PM SHRI set to be a tightrope walk for UDF govt. in Kerala

Among the many challenges the soon-to-be-formed United Democratic Front (UDF) government in Kerala will face in the school education sector, none will be as daunting and keenly watched as the contentious PM SHRI (Pradhan Mantri Schools for Rising India) scheme of the Union government. With the BJP government in West Bengal not wasting any time in inking the agreement for implementing PM SHRI after coming to power, all eyes are on Kerala, one of the States that have held out so far other than Tamil Nadu. (*The Hindu*)

UDF government to implement two 'Indira guarantees', including free bus travel for women

The first Cabinet meeting of the United Democratic Front (UDF) government, which took charge on Monday, decided to implement two of the five 'Indira guarantees' that the front had promised during the election campaign. At a press conference following the Cabinet meeting, Chief Minister V.D. Satheesan announced guarantees such as free bus travel for all women on Kerala State Road Transport Corporation (KSRTC) buses and a dedicated department for senior citizens to ensure dignity, care, and focussed welfare for the elderly. (*The Hindu*)

Kerala govt forms first-ever AI Ministry; PK Kunhalikutty gets charge

The Keralam government has created a dedicated Artificial Intelligence (AI) portfolio for the first time at the cabinet level as part of a major reshuffle of ministerial responsibilities after the newly formed UDF government. The move marks a notable shift in the state's governance structure, with the AI portfolio being placed under the Industries and Commerce department, along with Information Technology and other allied sectors. (*Business Standard*)

Kerala govt forms expert panel to prepare white paper on state finance

The UDF government on Tuesday announced the formation of a special committee to prepare a white paper on Kerala's financial position, following the first UDF Cabinet meeting chaired by Chief Minister V D Satheesan. The decision was taken at a high-level meeting of senior Finance Department officials chaired by the chief minister. According to a CMO statement, the committee will be headed by former Cabinet Secretary Dr K M Chandrasekhar. Additional Chief Secretary (Finance) K R Jyothishil has been appointed as the Convener. (*Business Standard*)

PGD-GST

Post Graduate Diploma in Goods and Services Taxation
(Recognised by Govt. of Kerala)



REGISTRATION NOW OPEN

Master the intricacies of GST and Propel Your Career Forward

COURSE DETAILS

Duration	: One year
Mode of delivery	: 180 hrs of online sessions including practical training in GST Laws, procedures, and Accounting
Qualification	: Any Degree (also open to final-year degree students)
Internship Assistance will be provided	

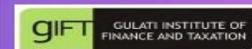
COURSE HIGHLIGHTS

- Hands on Training through Simulated Platform
- Convenient Class Timings for Employees/Students (Weekends)
- Attractive Fee Concession for Various Categories

GIFT Campus, Chavadi Mukku Sreekarayam P.O
Thiruvananthapuram - 695 017, Kerala, India
Phone : 91 471 2596970, 2590880
pgdgst@gift.res.in; www.gift.res.in; online.gift.res.in
An autonomous Institution of Government of Kerala



9349727106, 9746972011, 9995446032



Online Admission to PGD – GST 2026 – 27 extended till June 15th 2026

Admissions to the Post-Graduate Diploma in Goods and Services Taxation (PGD-GST) programme conducted by Gulati Institute of Finance and Taxation for the academic year 2026–27 are open till 15th June 2026. The one-year hybrid (online and offline) programme provides 180 hours of theoretical and practical training in GST procedures and accounting using simulated software. Graduates of any discipline, final-year students, and employed persons are eligible to apply. Fee concessions are available for eligible categories.

For prospectus, syllabus, fees, and admission details, visit the GIFT website. For enquiries, contact: 9746972011, 9349727106, 9995446032, or 0471-2596970; email: pgdgst@gift.res.in.

GULATI INSTITUTE OF FINANCE AND TAXATION
GIFT Campus, Chavadamukku,
Sreekariyam, Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala - 695017
Phone : 0471 2596970, 2596980, 2590880, 2593960
Fax : 0471 2591490
Email : giftkerala@gmail.com



An Autonomous Institution of Government of Kerala

Disclaimer: This compilation on important news items relating to Finance, Taxation and Indian economy by GIFT from various newspapers and e-resources aims at providing an update to our esteemed readers. GIFT does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the information provided. It is not a commercial product and all the copyrights remain with those of the respective copyright holders. Images are sourced from the web.